

საქართველოს სტანდარტი

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სახელმძღვანელო მენეჯმენტის სისტემების აუდიტისათვის

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Lignes directrices pour l'audit des systèmes de management



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საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სანახავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Project Committee ISO/PC 302, *Guidelines for auditing management systems*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 19011:2011), which has been technically revised.

The main differences compared to the second edition are as follows:

- addition of the risk-based approach to the principles of auditing;
- expansion of the guidance on managing an audit programme, including audit programme risk;
- expansion of the guidance on conducting an audit, particularly the section on audit planning;
- expansion of the generic competence requirements for auditors;
- adjustment of terminology to reflect the process and not the object (“thing”);
- removal of the annex containing competence requirements for auditing specific management system disciplines (due to the large number of individual management system standards, it would not be practical to include competence requirements for all disciplines);
- expansion of [Annex A](#) to provide guidance on auditing (new) concepts such as organization context, leadership and commitment, virtual audits, compliance and supply chain.

Introduction

Since the second edition of this document was published in 2011, a number of new management system standards have been published, many of which have a common structure, identical core requirements and common terms and core definitions. As a result, there is a need to consider a broader approach to management system auditing, as well as providing guidance that is more generic. Audit results can provide input to the analysis aspect of business planning, and can contribute to the identification of improvement needs and activities.

An audit can be conducted against a range of audit criteria, separately or in combination, including but not limited to:

- requirements defined in one or more management system standards;
- policies and requirements specified by relevant interested parties;
- statutory and regulatory requirements;
- one or more management system processes defined by the organization or other parties;
- management system plan(s) relating to the provision of specific outputs of a management system (e.g. quality plan, project plan).

This document provides guidance for all sizes and types of organizations and audits of varying scopes and scales, including those conducted by large audit teams, typically of larger organizations, and those by single auditors, whether in large or small organizations. This guidance should be adapted as appropriate to the scope, complexity and scale of the audit programme.

This document concentrates on internal audits (first party) and audits conducted by organizations on their external providers and other external interested parties (second party). This document can also be useful for external audits conducted for purposes other than third party management system certification. ISO/IEC 17021-1 provides requirements for auditing management systems for third party certification; this document can provide useful additional guidance (see [Table 1](#)).

Table 1 — Different types of audits

1 st party audit	2 nd party audit	3 rd party audit
Internal audit	External provider audit	Certification and/or accreditation audit
	Other external interested party audit	Statutory, regulatory and similar audit

To simplify the readability of this document, the singular form of “management system” is preferred, but the reader can adapt the implementation of the guidance to their own situation. This also applies to the use of “individual” and “individuals”, “auditor” and “auditors”.

This document is intended to apply to a broad range of potential users, including auditors, organizations implementing management systems and organizations needing to conduct management system audits for contractual or regulatory reasons. Users of this document can, however, apply this guidance in developing their own audit-related requirements.

The guidance in this document can also be used for the purpose of self-declaration and can be useful to organizations involved in auditor training or personnel certification.

The guidance in this document is intended to be flexible. As indicated at various points in the text, the use of this guidance can differ depending on the size and level of maturity of an organization’s management system. The nature and complexity of the organization to be audited, as well as the objectives and scope of the audits to be conducted, should also be considered.

საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სანახავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

This document adopts the combined audit approach when two or more management systems of different disciplines are audited together. Where these systems are integrated into a single management system, the principles and processes of auditing are the same as for a combined audit (sometimes known as an integrated audit).

This document provides guidance on the management of an audit programme, on the planning and conducting of management system audits, as well as on the competence and evaluation of an auditor and an audit team.