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### 3 პირველად

**4 რეგისტრირებულია:** სსიპ-საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს რეესტრში: 12/04/2022 წლის №268-1.3-022988

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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 54321

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# Soil, treated biowaste, sludge and waste — Digestion of aqua regia soluble fractions of elements

Sols, biodéchets traités, boues et déchets — Digestion des éléments solubles dans l'eau régale





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#### **Foreword**

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190, *Soil quality*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Chemical and physical characterization*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 444, *Environmental characterization of solid matrices*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

Regarding the comparability of the procedure described in this document with those of the other standards mentioned above the next remarks can be made:

- This document describes the digestion of solid samples with aqua regia.
- Differences in the procedures of the different standards are small. An important difference between the reflux procedures as described in ISO 11466 and EN 13657 and EN 16174 concerns the waiting time after addition of the acid to the sample, before the digestion starts. ISO 11466 specifies a waiting time of 16 h, both European standards state that the digestion can start after the first strong reactions have ceased. In validation work it was proven that the difference between 2 h and 16 h of waiting was negligible, therefore this document follows the approach of EN 13657 and EN 16174.
- The heating block procedure was added to the reflux and microwave digestion procedures. The procedure was adopted from the Dutch standard NEN 6961, which specifies a boiling time of 2 h to 4 h. This document specifies a boiling time of 2 h.

The methods specified in this document are providing multi-element aqua regia digestion techniques for soil, treated biowaste, sludge and waste prior to analysis. It is known that the digestion of environmental samples with aqua regia will not necessarily lead to complete element recoveries, and that the extract from a test sample may not reflect the total concentrations of the target analytes. However, for most environmental applications the result obtained based upon digestion methods specified in this document are considered to be fit for the intended purpose.

This document is validated for several types of matrices as indicated in <u>Table 1</u>.

Matrix Materials used in the validation test Municipal sludge Industrial sludge Sludge Sludge from electronic industry Ink waste sludge Sewage sludge Compost Biowaste (Method A) Composted sludge Agricultural soil Soil Sludge amended soils City waste incineration fly ash ("oxidised" matrix) City waste incineration bottom ash ("silicate" matrix) Ink waste sludge (organic matrix) Waste Electronic industry sludge ("metallic" matrix) BCR 146R (sewage sludge) BCR 176 (city waste incineration ash)

Table 1 — Matrices for which this document is validated

WARNING — Persons using this document should be familiar with usual laboratory practice. Some of the reagents used in this document are highly corrosive and very toxic. Safety precautions are absolutely necessary, not only due to the strong corrosive reagents, but also to the high temperature and high pressure.

The use of laboratory-grade microwave equipment with isolated and corrosion resistant safety devices is required. Domestic (kitchen) type microwave ovens shall not be used, as corrosion by acid vapours may compromise the function of the safety devices and prevent the microwave

magnetron from shutting off when the door is open, which could result in operator exposure to hazardous levels of microwave energy.

All procedures should be performed in a fume hood or in closed force-ventilated equipment. By the use of strong oxidising reagents, the formation of explosive organic intermediates is possible, especially when dealing with samples with a high organic content. Do not open pressurized vessels before they have cooled down. Avoid contact with the chemicals and the gaseous reaction products.

IMPORTANT — It is absolutely essential that tests conducted according to this document be carried out by suitably trained staff.