

## საქართველოს მროვნული სტანდარტი

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შემდუღებლების საკვალიფიკაციო გამოცდა- შედუღება დწობით - ნაწილი  
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Aluminium und Aluminiumlegierungen (ISO 9606-2:2004)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 September 2004.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



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## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 9606-2:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding", the secretariat of which is held by DIN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 44 "Welding and allied processes".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2005.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This document supersedes EN 287-2:1992.

This series of standards consists of the following parts, under the general title *Qualification test of welders — Fusion welding*:

- EN 287-1: Steels
- EN ISO 9606-2: Aluminium and aluminium alloys
- EN ISO 9606-3: Copper and copper alloys<sup>1)</sup>
- EN ISO 9606-4: Nickel and nickel alloys<sup>1)</sup>
- EN ISO 9606-5: Titanium and titanium alloys, zirconium and zirconium alloys<sup>1)</sup>

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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<sup>1)</sup> The general title of these documents is *Approval testing of welders - Fusion welding*

## Introduction

The ability of a welder to follow verbal or written instructions and verification of a welder's skills are important factors in ensuring the quality of the welded product.

The testing of a welder's skill in accordance with this document depends on welding techniques and conditions used in which uniform rules are complied with, and standard test pieces are used.

The principle of this document is that a qualification test qualifies the welder not only for the conditions used in the test, but also for all joints which are considered to weld easier on the presumption that the welder has received a particular training and/or has industrial practice within the range of qualification.

The qualification test can be used to qualify a welding procedure and a welder provided that all the relevant requirements, e.g. test piece dimensions, are satisfied (see EN ISO 15614-2).

Qualifications in accordance with EN 287-2 or ISO 9606-2 existing at the date of publication of this document are, at the end of their period of validity, to be interpreted in accordance with the requirements of this standard.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 11 via your national standards body, a complete listing which can be found at [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org).