საქართველოს სტანდარტი

სილიცომანგანუმის ქვამლი ცემენტისათვის - ნაწილი 1: განმარტებები, მოთხოვნები და შესაბამსიობის კრიტერიუმები

საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტო თბილისი

სსტ ენ 13263-1:2005+A1:2009/2016

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3 პირველად

4 რეგისტრირებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს რეესტრში: 2016 წლის 6 მაისის N268-1.3-9048

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English Version

Silica fume for concrete - Part 1: Definitions, requirements and conformity criteria

Fumée de silice pour béton - Partie 1: Définitions, exigences et critères de conformité

Silikastaub für Beton - Teil 1: Definitionen, Anforderungen und Konformitätskriterien

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 19 May 2005 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 8 February 2009.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Contents

		Page
orew	ord	3
ntroduction		4
I	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	5
1	Health, hygiene and environment	9
5	Specifications	
5.1 5.2 5.3	General Chemical requirements Physical requirements	10
3	Packaging, labelling and marking	11
7 7.1 7.2	Conformity criteria Autocontrol testing Conformity criteria for physical and chemical properties and evaluation procedure	12
Annex	A (normative) Release of dangerous substances and emission of radioactivity	16
Annex	CZA (informative) Clauses of this European Standard addressing the provisions of the EU Construction Products Directive	17
Biblio	Bibliography	

Foreword

This document (EN 13263-1:2005+A1:2009) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 104 "Concrete and related products", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2009, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2009.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2009-02-08.

This document supersedes EN 13263-1:2005.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags [A].

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

A) EN 13263-1:2005+A1:2009 contains a modified requirement for the content of silicon dioxide in a new class 2. (A)

EN 13263 consists of the following parts, under the general title Silica fume for concrete:

- Part 1: Definitions, requirements and conformity criteria;
- Part 2: Conformity evaluation.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden. Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

Silica fume consists of mainly spherical particles of amorphous silicon dioxide smaller than 10^{-6} m and is highly pozzolanic. It is collected by filters as a by-product of the smelting process to produce silicon metal and ferro-silicon alloys. It can be supplied as collected from the filters (undensified), after treatment to increase its bulk density (densified), or as a slurry. Silica fume from more than one furnace, filter or intermediate storage silo will normally be blended in the production plant.

Many years of research and practical experience have demonstrated that silica fume which satisfies the requirements in this Part of this European Standard has highly pozzolanic properties, and may be used to produce concrete with improved properties in both the fresh and hardened states.

Silica fume is normally used in combination with a plasticizer and/or superplasticizer.