საქართველოს სტანდარტი

გეოტექნიკური კვლევები და გამოცდა - ნიადაგის ლაბორატორიული გამოცდა - ნაწილი 3: წვრილმარცვლოვანი ნიადაგის სიმკვრივის განსაზღვრა

> საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტო თბილისი

სსტ ისო 17892-3:2015/2016

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- 1 **შემუშავებულია** საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს სტანდარტების დეპარტამენტის მიერ
- 2 დამტკიცებულია და შემოღებულია სამოქმედოდ საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს 2016 წლის 14 დეკემბრის № 91 განკარგულებით
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4 პირველად

5 რეგისტრირებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს რეესტრში: 2016 წლის 14 დეკემბერი №268-1.3-010533

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Geotechnical investigation and testing — Laboratory testing of soil —

Part 3:

Determination of particle density

Reconnaissance et essais géotechniques — Essais de laboratoire sur les sols —

Partie 3: Détermination de la masse volumique des grains





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <u>Foreword - Supplementary information</u>.

ISO 17892-3 was prepared by the European Committee for standardization (CEN) TC 341 *Geotechnical investigation and testing*, in collaboration with ISO/TC 182 *Geotechnics*, Subcommittee SC 1 *Geotechnical investigation and testing*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO/TS 17892-3:2004, which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO/TS 17892-3:2004/Cor.1:2006.

ISO 17892 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Geotechnical investigation and testing* — *Laboratory testing of soil*:

- Part 1: Determination of water content
- Part 2: Determination of bulk density
- Part 3: Determination of particle density
- Part 4: Determination of particle size distribution
- Part 5: Incremental loading oedometer test
- Part 6: Fall cone test
- Part 7: Unconfined compression test
- Part 8: Unconsolidated undrained triaxial test
- Part 9: Consolidated triaxial compression tests
- Part 10: Direct shear tests
- Part 11: Permeability tests
- Part 12: Determination of liquid and plastic limits

This corrected version of ISO 17892-3:2015 incorporates the following corrections plus other minor editorial modifications.

Foreword: It has been clarified that this is a first edition of an International Standard that is replacing a Technical Specification.

- 3.1: The word 'dry' has been added to the definition.
- 4.3.2: A temperature range has been specified.
- Figure 2: Labels V_s and V_r have been removed.
- 5.2.4.3: An alternative method to determine the volume of the specimen has been added.
- 6.1.2: A temperature has been specified for $ho_{
 m L.}$
- 6.2.2: A note has been added.

Formula (7): Formula has been modified with a factor of 10^{-6} instead of 10^{6} .