

საქართველოს სტანდარტი

თვითმავალი სასოფლო-სამეურნეო მანქანა-დანადგარები - სტაბილურობის
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ეროვნული სააგენტო
თბილისი

სსტ ენ ისო 16231-1:2013/2019

საინფორმაციო მონაცემები

1 შემუშავებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს სტანდარტების დეპარტამენტის მიერ

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4 პირველად

5 რეგისტრირებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს რეესტრში: 2019 წლის 6 დეკემბერი №268-1.3-016417

დაუშვებელია წინამდებარე სტანდარტის სრული ან ნაწილობრივი კვლავწარმოება, ტირაჟირება და გავრცელება სსიპ საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს ნებართვის გარეშე

საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სანახავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

English Version

Self-propelled agricultural machinery - Assessment of stability -
Part 1: Principles (ISO 16231-1:2013)

Machines agricoles automotrices - Évaluation de la stabilité
- Partie 1: Principes (ISO 16231-1:2013)

Selbstfahrende Maschinen in der Landwirtschaft -
Bewertung der Stabilität - Teil 1: Richtlinien (ISO 16231-
1:2013)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 March 2013.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 16231-1:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23 "Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 144 "Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive.

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 16231-1:2013 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 16231-1:2013 without any modification.

Annex ZA
(informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2006/42/EC

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide a means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the Essential Requirement 3.4.3 of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

NOTE In addition, compliance with EN ISO 16231-2 is required to achieve presumption of conformity with the Essential Requirement indicated in this Annex.

WARNING — Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სახასიათო შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

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**Self-propelled agricultural
machinery — Assessment of stability —**

**Part 1:
Principles**

*Machines agricoles automotrices — Évaluation de la stabilité —
Partie 1: Principes*



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საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სანახავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Safety and comfort*.

ISO 16231 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Self-propelled agricultural machinery — Assessment of stability*:

— *Part 1: Principles*

The following part is under preparation:

— *Part 2: Calculations and test procedures*

Introduction

Self-propelled agricultural machinery with a ride-on operator (driver) can expose the operator to the hazard of rolling or tipping over during the intended operation. A risk assessment should determine whether this hazard applies to a particular machine and, when appropriate, the protective measures to be used in order to avoid or minimize this hazard for the ride-on operator. For many machines, this risk assessment will be reflected in the requirements of a machine-specific standard.

The risk assessment should consider the operating conditions in which the machine is intended to be used, the physical properties of the machine and the required skills to operate the machine as well as any other parameter which can have an impact on the risk for rollover or tip-over.