საქართველოს სტანდარტი

აკუსტიკა - ხმაურის წყაროების ხმის დონების ძალის განსაზღვრა - სახელმძღვანელო წესები ძირითადი სტანდარტების გამოყენების შესახებ (ისო 3740:2019)

საქართველოს სტანდარტებისა და მეტროლოგიის
ეროვნული სააგენტო
თბილისი

სსტ ენ ისო 37402019/2020

საინფორმაციო მონაცემები

1 შემუშავებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს სტანდარტების დეპარტამენტის მიერ

2 დამტკიცებულია და შემოღებულია სამოქმედოდ საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს 2020 წლის 25 მარტის №38 განკარგულებით

3 მიღებულია გარეკანის თარგმნის მეთოდით სტანდარტიზაციის ევროპული კომიტეტის სტანდარტი ენ ისო 3740:2019 “აკუსტიკა - ხმაურის წყაროების ხმის დონების ძალის განსაზღვრა - სახელმძღვანელო წესები ძირითადი სტანდარტების გამოყენების შესახებ (ისო 3740:2019)”

4 პირველად

5 რეგისტრირებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს რეესტრში: 2020 წლის 25 მარტი №268-1.3-016920

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NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 3740

March 2019

ICS 17.140.01

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English Version

Acoustics - Determination of sound power levels of noise sources - Guidelines for the use of basic standards (ISO 3740:2019)

Acoustique - Détermination des niveaux de puissance acoustique émis par les sources de bruit - Lignes directrices pour l'utilisation des normes de base (ISO 3740:2019)

Akustik - Bestimmung der Schallleistungspegel von Geräuschquellen - Leitlinien zur Anwendung der Grundnormen (ISO 3740:2019)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 3740:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43 "Acoustics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 211 “Acoustics” the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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The text of ISO 3740:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3740:2019 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3740

Third edition
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Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources — Guidelines for the use of basic standards

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Noise*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3740:2000), which has been technically revised. The main change compared to the previous edition is as follows:

— All of the basic standards covered by this document with the exception of the ISO 9614 series have been revised.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

For many users of machinery, equipment and products, the control of noise is a major issue which requires effective exchange of acoustical information. In this context, the main flow of information goes from the manufacturer to the purchaser, installer or user of the machines and products to describe the generated sound. In particular, information on source airborne noise emission is desired. Therefore, the sound power level, as the major parameter characterising airborne noise emission of sound sources, needs to be determined by measurement.

However, such measurements are only useful if the conditions under which they are carried out are specified; they yield defined acoustical quantities, and they are taken with standardized instruments.

Sound power levels are used for

— declaration of the noise emitted under defined conditions,

— verification of declared values,

— comparison of the noise emitted by machinery of various types and sizes,

— comparison with limits specified in a purchasing contract or a regulation,

— engineering work to control the noise emission of machinery,

— prediction of noise exposure of workers in indoor or outdoor work shops,

— prediction of noise in the environment.

International Standards describing basic methods for determining sound power level are

— ISO 3741 to ISO 3747 (sound power level determination using sound pressure level measurements),

— ISO 9614-1 to ISO 9614-3 (sound power level determination using sound intensity measurements),

— ISO/TS 7849-1 and ISO/TS 7849-2 (sound power level determination using vibration measurements).

These standards specify different methods for determination of sound power level and the achievable accuracy, characterized by the standard deviation of reproducibility of the method. Operating and mounting conditions, and the uncertainty associated with these conditions, are dealt with only in a very general manner. Specific and detailed requirements on the machinery or equipment under test are given in noise test codes prepared by machinery specific standards committees. They not only provide the necessary detailed information on the operating, installation and mounting conditions but also identify basic measurement standards that can be used and how a noise emission declaration and verification is made.

The standards mentioned above differ in their range of applications and their requirements with regard to the test environment. In practice, procedures that do not require special laboratory environments and additionally meet class 2 accuracy are particularly advantageous, especially to meet legal requirements. These include the procedures in standards ISO 3744, ISO 3747 and methods in ISO 9614-2.

To help technical committees in drafting noise test codes or to assist manufacturers of machines and equipment in determining the sound power level if a noise test code is not currently available, ISO 3740 introduces the set of twelve International Standards describing various methods for determining sound power levels of machinery, equipment and products taking into account the broad variety of practical situations for the sources under test (types of machinery, equipment and products), test environments, measurement instruments and the accuracy desired.

Some machinery, equipment and products emit high-frequency noise, which can be broad-band noise, narrow-band noise or discrete tones. ISO 9295 specifies four methods for the determination of sound power levels emitted by machinery, equipment and products in the frequency range covered by the 16 kHz octave band. In 5.6, ISO 9295 is briefly described.

More detailed definitions than those specified in this document can be found in ISO 3741, ISO 3743-1, ISO 3743-2, ISO 3744, ISO 3745, ISO 3746 and ISO 3747, in ISO 9614-1 to ISO 9614-3, ISO/TS 7849-1, ISO/TS 7849-2, and in noise test codes for specific types of machinery, equipment and products.