

საქართველოს სტანდარტი

სახელმძღვანელო სოციალურ პასუხისმგებლობაზე

საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის
ეროვნული სააგენტო
თბილისი

საინფორმაციო მონაცემები

1 შემუშავებულია საქართველოს სტანდარტების და მეტროლოგიის ეროვნული სააგენტოს სტანდარტების დეპარტამენტის მიერ

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Guidance on social responsibility

Lignes directrices relatives à la responsabilité sociétale

საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სანახავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.



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Contents

Page

Foreword	v
Introduction.....	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Terms and definitions	2
3 Understanding social responsibility	5
3.1 The social responsibility of organizations: Historical background	5
3.2 Recent trends in social responsibility.....	5
3.3 Characteristics of social responsibility	6
3.4 The state and social responsibility.....	9
4 Principles of social responsibility	10
4.1 General	10
4.2 Accountability.....	10
4.3 Transparency	10
4.4 Ethical behaviour.....	11
4.5 Respect for stakeholder interests	12
4.6 Respect for the rule of law	12
4.7 Respect for international norms of behaviour	13
4.8 Respect for human rights	13
5 Recognizing social responsibility and engaging stakeholders	14
5.1 General	14
5.2 Recognizing social responsibility	14
5.3 Stakeholder identification and engagement.....	16
6 Guidance on social responsibility core subjects.....	19
6.1 General	19
6.2 Organizational governance	21
6.3 Human rights	23
6.4 Labour practices.....	33
6.5 The environment.....	40
6.6 Fair operating practices.....	48
6.7 Consumer issues.....	51
6.8 Community involvement and development.....	60
7 Guidance on integrating social responsibility throughout an organization	69
7.1 General	69
7.2 The relationship of an organization's characteristics to social responsibility	69
7.3 Understanding the social responsibility of an organization.....	70
7.4 Practices for integrating social responsibility throughout an organization	74
7.5 Communication on social responsibility	76
7.6 Enhancing credibility regarding social responsibility.....	78
7.7 Reviewing and improving an organization's actions and practices related to social responsibility	80
7.8 Voluntary initiatives for social responsibility.....	82
Annex A (informative) Examples of voluntary initiatives and tools for social responsibility.....	85
Annex B (informative) Abbreviated terms	98
Bibliography.....	99

Figures

Figure 1 — Schematic overview of ISO 26000.....ix

Figure 2 — Relationship between an organization, its stakeholders and society 15

Figure 3 — The seven core subjects 20

Figure 4 — Integrating social responsibility throughout the organization 69

Boxes

Box 1 — Summary information to assist users of this International Standardx

Box 2 — Gender equality and social responsibility 7

Box 3 — ISO 26000 and small and medium-sized organizations (SMOs)..... 8

Box 4 — Understanding complicity..... 13

Box 5 — Benefits of social responsibility for an organization 20

Box 6 — The International Bill of Human Rights and the core human rights instruments 23

Box 7 — Child labour 32

Box 8 — The International Labour Organization 33

Box 9 — Joint labour-management health and safety committees 40

Box 10 — Examples of climate change adaptation actions..... 46

Box 11 — UN Guidelines for Consumer Protection..... 52

Box 12 — Consumer dispute resolution 58

Box 13 — Millennium Development Goals 62

Box 14 — Contributing to community development through an organization's core activities 63

Box 15 — Reporting on social responsibility 77

Box 16 — Certifiable initiatives and initiatives connected to commercial or economic interests 84

Box 17 — Non-endorsement of initiatives by ISO 86

საინფორმაციო ნაწილი. სრული ტექსტის სახსრავად შეიძინეთ სტანდარტი.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 26000 was prepared by ISO/TMB Working Group on Social Responsibility.

This International Standard was developed using a multi-stakeholder approach involving experts from more than 90 countries and 40 international or broadly-based regional organizations involved in different aspects of social responsibility. These experts were from six different stakeholder groups: consumers; government; industry; labour; non-governmental organizations (NGOs); and service, support, research, academics and others. In addition, specific provision was made to achieve a balance between developing and developed countries as well as a gender balance in drafting groups. Although efforts were made to ensure balanced participation of all the stakeholder groups, a full and equitable balance of stakeholders was constrained by various factors, including the availability of resources and the need for English language skills.

Introduction

Organizations around the world, and their stakeholders, are becoming increasingly aware of the need for and benefits of socially responsible behaviour. The objective of social responsibility is to contribute to sustainable development.

An organization's performance in relation to the society in which it operates and to its impact on the environment has become a critical part of measuring its overall performance and its ability to continue operating effectively. This is, in part, a reflection of the growing recognition of the need to ensure healthy ecosystems, social equity and good organizational governance. In the long run, all organizations' activities depend on the health of the world's ecosystems. Organizations are subject to greater scrutiny by their various stakeholders. The perception and reality of an organization's performance on social responsibility can influence, among other things:

- its competitive advantage;
- its reputation;
- its ability to attract and retain workers or members, customers, clients or users;
- the maintenance of employees' morale, commitment and productivity;
- the view of investors, owners, donors, sponsors and the financial community; and
- its relationship with companies, governments, the media, suppliers, peers, customers and the community in which it operates.

This International Standard provides guidance on the underlying principles of social responsibility, recognizing social responsibility and engaging stakeholders, the core subjects and issues pertaining to social responsibility (see Table 2) and on ways to integrate socially responsible behaviour into the organization (see Figure 1). This International Standard emphasizes the importance of results and improvements in performance on social responsibility.

This International Standard is intended to be useful to all types of organizations in the private, public and non-profit sectors, whether large or small, and whether operating in developed or developing countries. While not all parts of this International Standard will be of equal use to all types of organizations, all core subjects are relevant to every organization. All core subjects comprise a number of issues, and it is an individual organization's responsibility to identify which issues are relevant and significant for the organization to address, through its own considerations and through dialogue with stakeholders.

Governmental organizations, like any other organization, may wish to use this International Standard. However, it is not intended to replace, alter or in any way change the obligations of the state.

Every organization is encouraged to become more socially responsible by using this International Standard.

Recognizing that organizations are at various stages of understanding and integrating social responsibility, this International Standard is intended for use by those beginning to address social responsibility, as well as those more experienced with its implementation. The beginner may find it useful to read and apply this International Standard as a primer on social responsibility, while the experienced user may wish to use it to improve existing practices and to further integrate social responsibility into the organization. Although this International Standard is meant to be read and used as a whole, readers looking for specific types of information on social responsibility may find the outline in Table 1 useful. Box 1 provides summary information to assist users of this International Standard.

This International Standard provides guidance to users and is neither intended nor appropriate for certification purposes. Any offer to certify to ISO 26000 or any claim to be certified to ISO 26000 would be a misrepresentation of the intent and purpose of this International Standard.

Reference to any voluntary initiative or tool in Annex A of this International Standard does not imply that ISO endorses or gives special status to that initiative or tool.

Table 1 — ISO 26000 outline

Clause title	Clause number	Description of clause contents
Scope	Clause 1	Defines the scope of this International Standard and identifies certain limitations and exclusions.
Terms and definitions	Clause 2	Identifies and provides the definition of key terms that are of fundamental importance for understanding social responsibility and for using this International Standard.
Understanding social responsibility	Clause 3	Describes the important factors and conditions that have influenced the development of social responsibility and that continue to affect its nature and practice. It also describes the concept of social responsibility itself – what it means and how it applies to organizations. The clause includes guidance for small and medium-sized organizations on the use of this International Standard.
Principles of social responsibility	Clause 4	Introduces and explains the principles of social responsibility.
Recognizing social responsibility and engaging stakeholders	Clause 5	Addresses two practices of social responsibility: an organization's recognition of its social responsibility, and its identification of and engagement with its stakeholders. It provides guidance on the relationship between an organization, its stakeholders and society, on recognizing the core subjects and issues of social responsibility and on an organization's sphere of influence.
Guidance on social responsibility core subjects	Clause 6	Explains the core subjects and associated issues relating to social responsibility (see Table 2). For each core subject, information has been provided on its scope, its relationship to social responsibility, related principles and considerations, and related actions and expectations.
Guidance on integrating social responsibility throughout an organization	Clause 7	Provides guidance on putting social responsibility into practice in an organization. This includes guidance related to: understanding the social responsibility of an organization, integrating social responsibility throughout an organization, communication related to social responsibility, improving the credibility of an organization regarding social responsibility, reviewing progress and improving performance and evaluating voluntary initiatives for social responsibility.
Examples of voluntary initiatives and tools for social responsibility	Annex A	Presents a non-exhaustive list of voluntary initiatives and tools related to social responsibility that address aspects of one or more core subjects or the integration of social responsibility throughout an organization.
Abbreviated terms	Annex B	Contains abbreviated terms used in this International Standard.
Bibliography		Includes references to authoritative international instruments and ISO Standards that are referenced in the body of this International Standard as source material.

Table 2 — Core subjects and issues of social responsibility

Core subjects and issues	Addressed in sub-clause
Core subject: Organizational governance	6.2
Core subject: Human rights	6.3
Issue 1: Due diligence	6.3.3
Issue 2: Human rights risk situations	6.3.4
Issue 3: Avoidance of complicity	6.3.5
Issue 4: Resolving grievances	6.3.6
Issue 5: Discrimination and vulnerable groups	6.3.7
Issue 6: Civil and political rights	6.3.8
Issue 7: Economic, social and cultural rights	6.3.9
Issue 8: Fundamental principles and rights at work	6.3.10
Core subject: Labour practices	6.4
Issue 1: Employment and employment relationships	6.4.3
Issue 2: Conditions of work and social protection	6.4.4
Issue 3: Social dialogue	6.4.5
Issue 4: Health and safety at work	6.4.6
Issue 5: Human development and training in the workplace	6.4.7
Core subject: The environment	6.5
Issue 1: Prevention of pollution	6.5.3
Issue 2: Sustainable resource use	6.5.4
Issue 3: Climate change mitigation and adaptation	6.5.5
Issue 4: Protection of the environment, biodiversity and restoration of natural habitats	6.5.6
Core subject: Fair operating practices	6.6
Issue 1: Anti-corruption	6.6.3
Issue 2: Responsible political involvement	6.6.4
Issue 3: Fair competition	6.6.5
Issue 4: Promoting social responsibility in the value chain	6.6.6
Issue 5: Respect for property rights	6.6.7
Core subject: Consumer issues	6.7
Issue 1: Fair marketing, factual and unbiased information and fair contractual practices	6.7.3
Issue 2: Protecting consumers' health and safety	6.7.4
Issue 3: Sustainable consumption	6.7.5
Issue 4: Consumer service, support, and complaint and dispute resolution	6.7.6
Issue 5: Consumer data protection and privacy	6.7.7
Issue 6: Access to essential services	6.7.8
Issue 7: Education and awareness	6.7.9
Core subject: Community involvement and development	6.8
Issue 1: Community involvement	6.8.3
Issue 2: Education and culture	6.8.4
Issue 3: Employment creation and skills development	6.8.5
Issue 4: Technology development and access	6.8.6
Issue 5: Wealth and income creation	6.8.7
Issue 6: Health	6.8.8
Issue 7: Social investment	6.8.9

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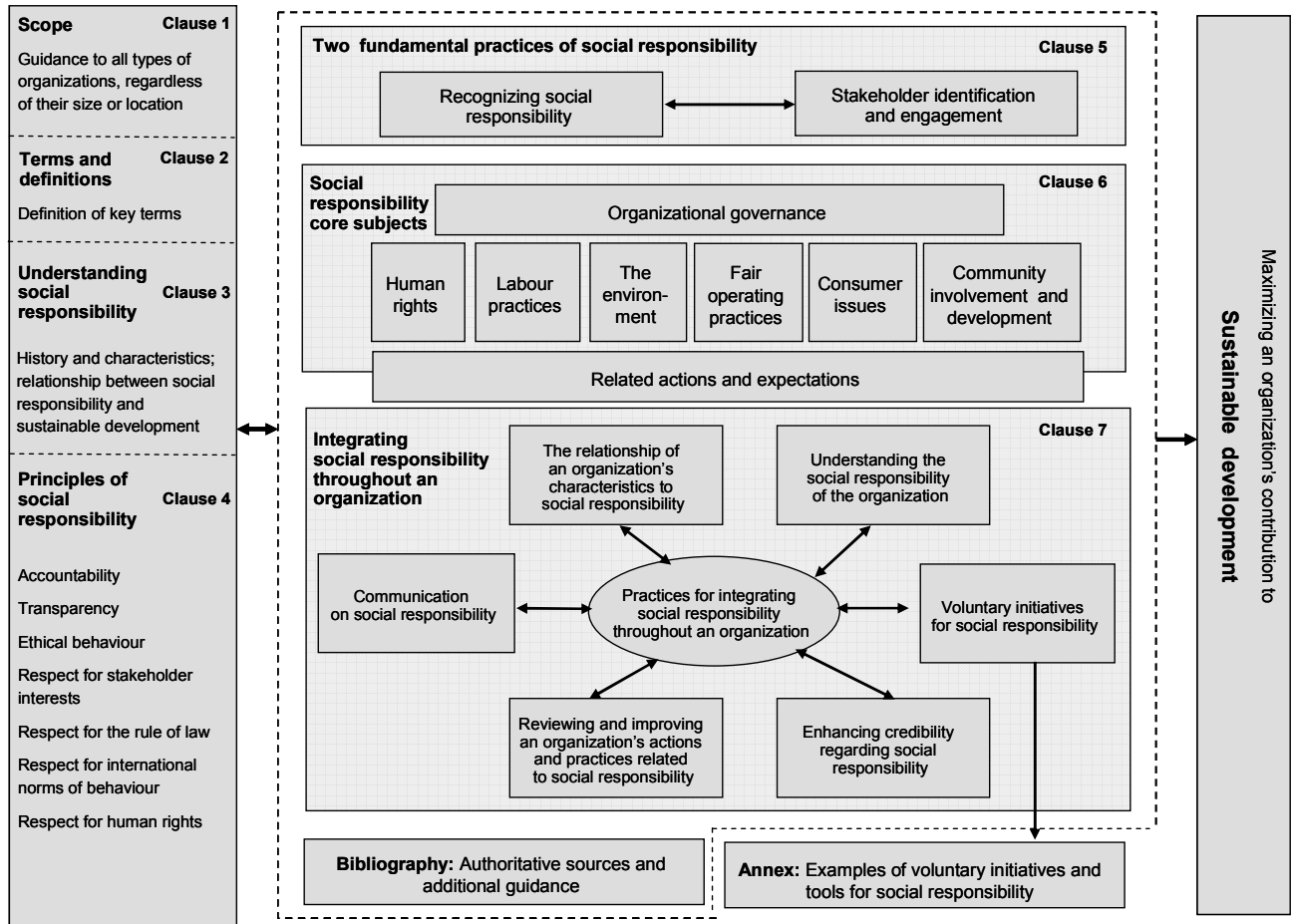


Figure 1 — Schematic overview of ISO 26000

Figure 1 provides an overview of ISO 26000, and is intended to assist organizations in understanding how to use this standard. The following points provide guidance on using this standard.

- After considering the characteristics of social responsibility and its relationship with sustainable development (Clause 3), it is suggested that an organization should review the principles of social responsibility described in Clause 4. In practising social responsibility, organizations should respect and address these principles, along with the principles specific to each core subject (Clause 6).
- Before analysing the core subjects and issues of social responsibility, as well as each of the related actions and expectations (Clause 6), an organization should consider two fundamental practices of social responsibility: recognizing its social responsibility within its sphere of influence, and identifying and engaging with its stakeholders (Clause 5).
- Once the principles have been understood, and the core subjects and relevant and significant issues of social responsibility have been identified, an organization should seek to integrate social responsibility throughout its decisions and activities, using the guidance provided in Clause 7. This involves practices such as: making social responsibility integral to its policies, organizational culture, strategies and operations; building internal competency for social responsibility; undertaking internal and external communication on social responsibility; and regularly reviewing these actions and practices related to social responsibility.
- Further guidance on the core subjects and integration practices of social responsibility is available from authoritative sources (Bibliography) and from various voluntary initiatives and tools (some global examples of which are presented in Annex A).

საინჟინერო-ტექნიკური უნივერსიტეტი

When approaching and practising social responsibility, the overarching goal for an organization is to maximize its contribution to sustainable development.

Box 1 — Summary information to assist users of this International Standard

ISO defines a standard as a document, established by consensus and approved by a recognized body that provides, for common and repeated use, rules, guidelines or characteristics for activities or their results, aimed at the achievement of the optimum degree of order in a given context (ISO/IEC Guide 2:2004^[39], definition 3.2).

ISO terminology (based on ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 2004, Annex H)

This International Standard contains no requirements and therefore the word “shall”, which indicates a requirement in ISO language, is not used. Recommendations use the word “should”. In some countries, certain recommendations of ISO 26000 are incorporated into law, and are therefore legally required.

The word “may” is used to indicate that something is permitted. The word “can” is used to indicate that something is possible, for example, that an organization or individual is able to do something.

An International Standard providing guidance does not contain requirements but may contain recommendations.

In ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, a recommendation is defined as an “expression in the content of a document conveying that among several possibilities one is recommended as particularly suitable, without mentioning or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required, or that (in the negative form) a certain possibility or course of action is deprecated but not prohibited.”

Terms that are not defined in Clause 2 are used in the common sense of the word, assuming their dictionary meanings.

Purpose of informative annex (based on ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 2004, 6.4.1)

The informative Annex A to this International Standard gives additional information intended to assist understanding and use of the document; it does not itself constitute part of its guidance nor is it referenced in the text of this International Standard. Annex A provides a non-exhaustive list of existing voluntary initiatives and tools related to social responsibility. It provides examples of these and draws attention to additional guidance that may be available, helping users to compare their practices with those of other organizations. The fact that an initiative or tool is listed in Annex A does not mean that this initiative or tool is endorsed by ISO.

Bibliography

The Bibliography, which is an integral part of this International Standard, provides information to identify and locate the documents referenced in the text. It consists of references to international instruments that are considered authoritative sources for the recommendations in this International Standard. These instruments may contain additional useful guidance and information; ISO 26000 users are encouraged to consult them to better understand and implement social responsibility. References are shown in the text by superscript numbers in square brackets.

NOTE Reference numbers are not assigned in the order of the documents' appearance in the text. ISO documents are listed first; then the remaining documents are listed in alphabetical order of the issuing organization.

Text boxes

Text boxes provide supplementary guidance or illustrative examples. Text in boxes should not be considered less important than other text.

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